S. 1960 is important legislation because it makes clear that all athletes participating in professional sports will be held to the same standards of fair play. By instituting minimum standards for the testing of steroids, professional sports teams and professional athletes can regain the respect and trust of the American people. It is important that we hold adults to the same standards of character as we do our children. Young people look up to professional athletes as role models. We owe it to them to make sure that adults behave according to the same standards of trustworthiness, fairness, and respect.

## VETERANS DAY 2005

Mr. DOMENICI. Mr. President, today, we as Americans gather to honor all those who served, fought and sacrificed to defend our Nation throughout its history.

During the 229 year history of our Nation, brave Americans have answered the call to defend their country's freedom and the freedom of people around the globe. Today, as in the past, our servicemen and women continue to embrace these twin goals.

I encourage my fellow New Mexicans and all Americans to take a few moments to remember and honor the gallant men and women of our Armed Forces past and present.

New Mexicans have a long distinguished history of military service. During the Spanish American War New Mexico guardsmen formed the bulk of the 2nd Squadron of the 1st Calvary Regiment which served with Teddy Roosevelt and his Rough Riders at the battle of San Juan Hill. When the United States entered the First World War, New Mexicans of the 1st Infantry Regiment served with the 40th Infantry Division in France. While participating in the Italian campaign of the Second World War, New Mexicans of the 104th Tank Destroyer battalion were awarded 8 Silver Stars, 60 Bronze Stars, and 135 Purple Hearts. Of course no one will forget the contribution to final victory the Navajos from our State made as "code talkers" or the bravery of the "New Mexico Brigade" in the Philippines. In the history of our Nation New Mexicans have served with great distinction from the swamps of Cuba, to the jungles of Vietnam and the deserts of Iraq.

It is important that we never forget the sacrifice and dedication of these Americans. They left behind the comfort of home, family and friends to defend our country and its countless blessings. For this, many have paid an immense price, emotionally and physically, some enduring years of captivity and suffering, some never to return home. We Americans owe all that we have to these men and women. No praise or honor will ever be too great for these individuals.

The service of veterans to our country has never ended with their depar-

ture from the Armed Forces. They have enriched every community in which they reside with their strength of character, hard work and devotion to family. For this we must also be grateful.

Since 9/11, the men and women of our Armed Forces have been called away from home, and are today furthering the cause of freedom in Iraq, Afghanistan and all over the globe. Many of these individuals are National Guardsmen like the members of the 515th Corps Support Battalion that recently returned from Iraq and the servicemen and women from Holloman, Kirtland, and Cannon Air Force bases. They serve with the same courage and commitment shown by Americans of generations past and they, too, deserve our thoughts and prayers. May our United States continue to be blessed and may America forever remain the land of the free and the home of the brave.

## MESSAGES FROM THE PRESIDENT

Messages from the President of the United States were communicated to the Senate by Ms. Evans, one of his secretaries.

## EXECUTIVE MESSAGES REFERRED

As in executive session the Presiding Officer laid before the Senate messages from the President of the United States submitting sundry nominations which were referred to the appropriate committees.

(The nominations received today are printed at the end of the Senate proceedings.)

REPORT RELATIVE TO THE CONTINUATION OF THE NATIONAL EMERGENCY WITH RESPECT TO IRAN WHICH WAS DECLARED IN EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 12170 ON NOVEMBER 14, 1979—PM 30

The PRESIDING OFFICER laid before the Senate the following message from the President of the United States, together with an accompanying report; which was referred to the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs.

To the Congress of the United States:

Section 202(d) of the National Emergencies Act (50 U.S.C. 1622(d)) provides for the automatic termination of a national emergency unless, prior to the anniversary date of its declaration, the President publishes in the Federal Register and transmits to the Congress a notice stating that the emergency is to continue in effect beyond the anniversary date. Consistent with this provision, I have sent the enclosed notice to the Federal Register for publication, stating that the Iran emergency declared by Executive Order 12170 on November 14, 1979, is to continue in effect beyond November 14, 2005. The most recent notice continuing this emergency was published in the Federal Register on November 12, 2004 (69 FR 65513).

Our relations with Iran have not yet returned to normal, and the process of implementing the January 19, 1981, agreements with Iran is still underway. For these reasons, I have determined that it is necessary to continue the national emergency declared on November 14, 1979, with respect to Iran, beyond November 14, 2005.

GEORGE W. BUSH. THE WHITE HOUSE, November 9, 2005.

## MESSAGE FROM THE HOUSE

At 12:28 p.m., a message from the House of Representatives, delivered by Mr. Hays, one of its reading clerks, announced that the House has passed the following bills, in which it requests the concurrence of the Senate:

H.R. 3770. An act to designate the facility of the United States Postal Service located at 205 West Washington Street in Knox, Indiana, as the "Grant W. Green Post Office Building".

H.R. 3825. An act to designate the facility of the United States Postal Service located at 770 Trumbull Drive in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, as the "Clayton J. Smith Memorial Post Office Building".

H.R. 4053. An act to designate the facility of the United States Postal Service located at 545 North Rimsdale Avenue in Covina, California, as the "Lillian Kinkella Keil Post Office".

At 3:10 p.m., a message from the House of Representatives, delivered by Ms. Niland, one of its reading clerks, announced that the House agree to the report of the committee of conference on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on the amendment of the Senate to the bill H.R. 2419 making appropriations for energy and water development for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2006, and for other purposes.

The message also announced that the House agree to the report of the committee of conference on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on the amendments of the Senate to the bill H.R. 2862 making appropriations for Science, the Departments of State, Justice, and Commerce, and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2006, and for other purposes.

At 5:29 p.m., a message from the House of Representatives, delivered by Ms. Niland, one of its reading clerks, announced that the House disagree to the amendment of the Senate to the bill H.R. 3199 to extend and modify authorities needed to combat terrorism, and for other purposes, and agree to the conference asked by the Senate on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses thereon; and appoints the following members as the managers of the conference on the part of the House:

From the Committee on the Judiciary, for consideration of the House bill (except section 132) and the Senate amendment, and modifications committed to conference: Mr. SENSENBRENNER, Mr. COBLE, Mr. SMITH of Texas, Mr. GALLEGLY, Mr. CHABOT, Mr. JENKINS, Mr. CONYERS, Mr. BERMAN,